



# Hybrid locomotive for hauling freight

Small Battery + Fuel Cell Traction

### Hybrid locomotive Modula BFC

The Modula is a hybrid locomotive concept with different traction modules on a standardised centre-cab locomotive platform. These systems have the same interfaces so that, for example, the two diesel engine unit can be replaced by a two battery unit.

#### Variants:

- → **BDD** (small battery + two diesel engines),
- → EDD (electric traction + two diesel engines) and
- → **EBB** (electric traction + two larger batteries).
- → In addition a BFC (Fuel Cell traction system) is in development as a further traction variant.

This modularity allows the operator to adapt the locomotive quickly and easily to changing requirements. It offers a range of standardised functions and systems that can be assembled into customised versions to suit the customer's specific requirements. With its high proportion of identical parts, the platform concept provides synergy effects and simplifies the management of replacement parts.

# The benefits of a BFC at a glance

- → Sturdy, mid-cab construction, excellent shunting locomotive qualities and a wide range of operational applications
- → Optimised vehicle design that takes into account the full range of customer requirements
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  Internal traction batteries disself fuel color

  Toward thinking

  Toward thinking

  appprox. 50 %

more power at the whee compared to the DE 18

- → Power at the wheel of CO<sub>2</sub> free shunting use up to 300 kW
- → Simple and flexible integration of current and future energy storage and electricity generation technologies
- → The BFC variant has considerable potential for savings in maintenance and energy costs
- → High level of reliability through the use of high-quality components
- → High availability thanks to a redundant drive configuration and two drive systems
- → Remote Cloud access to data and the locomotive's condition enables its deployments to be precision-planned (an advantage when refueling or when replacing parts subject to regular wear and tear)
- → Design and safety aspects structured according to the CSM and EN 50126 V-Model process
- → The planned TSI approval allows the locomotive to be used in many European countries

The first variants are the Modula-EBB,
Modula-EDD and Modula-BDD. The bogies,
locomotive frame, driver's cab, pneumatics, airconditioning and inverter are all identical and
constitute the basic configuration. And each Modula
variant is powerful with a high starting tractive effort.

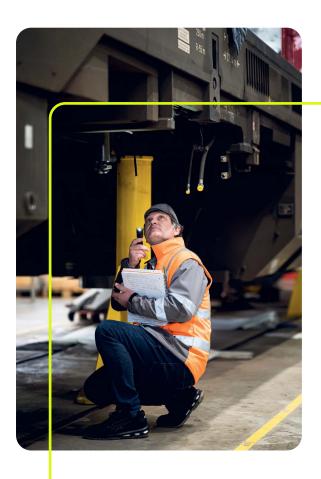
The **Modula** offers a lot more in Dual-Mode operation compared to the DE 18. A freight train can be picked up in an area with no catenary and transported to its destination (2 traction modules per variant provides more flexibility and makes best use of the line infrastructure available). Consequently, an additional locomotive for hauling without catenary is not required. The EDD or the EBB, however, can use inexpensive, carbon-neutral electricity as soon as catenary becomes available. The **Modula's** power at the wheel can be increased by 50 % in comparison to the DE 18. The **Modula** stands for higher output during line operation, more flexibility and more energy-saving options.

The **Modula-BFC** variant is the next-generation hybrid, utilizing hydrogen fuel cell technology to provide a zero-emission alternative to traditional diesel power.

Still under development, this variant represents the future of sustainable rail transportation by offering a clean and flexible energy source.

The fuel cell provides power either in conjunction with the battery or without the battery electric traction power enabling the BFC to operate without reliance on overhead catenary or fossil fuels.

This makes it an ideal candidate for regions where catenary infrastructure is limited or where strict environmental regulations are in place. The fuel cell technology, combined with Modula's high adaptability, ensures a forward-thinking, green alternative with high efficiency and operational flexibility for diverse rail operations.



#### **Maintenance**

There's a focus on maintenance with the **Modula** platform because an electric locomotive also has to operate reliably. Consequently, every **Modula** variant is designed for easy maintenance. The continuous analysis of sensor data allows maintenance work to be predicted and planned better, which means that downtime can be reduced considerably. What's more, the modular system also allows the user to completely remove a diesel engine or battery unit, replace it with one that has already been serviced and go straight back into operation. This opens up completely new possibilities in the area of maintenance and service.



#### Modula Technical Data

Wheel arrangement	Bo'Bo'
Length over buffers	18.700 mm
Min. curve radius	75 m
Vehicle mass	84 – 90 t
Battery capacity (EBB)	160 kWh
Battery technology	LTO
Power transmission	AC/AC wheelset-selective control
Converter	IGBT-inverter
Power at the wheel B	300 kW (limited duration)
Tractive effort	300 kN starting tractive effort
Top speed	120 km/h
Ambient conditions	T1 -25°C to +40°C
Tunnel classification	Category B (20 km) as per TSI SRT
Homologation	As per TSI initially planned in Germany, Austria and the Netherlands

## **Modula BFC**

#### **Power at the Wheel**

